

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

MAR 2 1 1995

OFFICE OF WATER

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Notice of Change - Indian Set-Aside Program

National Project Priority List

FROM: Stephen P. Allbee, Chief

Municipal Assistance Branch (4204)

TO: Regional Construction Grants Program Managers

Regions I - X

This memorandum is to advise you that we have implemented a new process for determining priorities and selecting projects for funding under the Indian Set-Aside (ISA) Program. For FY 1995 and beyond, we will use the Sanitary Deficiency System (SDS) of the Indian Health Service (IHS) to fund wastewater systems for Tribes and Alaska Native Villages (ANVs). The SDS list replaces the EPA 1990 Indian Set-Aside Priority List which has been used through four cycles of funding over five years.

In April 1994, we distributed a proposal to the EPA Regions, IHS Area Offices and all federally recognized Tribes outlining the proposed changes to priority project selection process. No significant objections were raised to the proposal and EPA adopted the new process.

To ensure that all Indian Tribes and ANVs were informed of EPA's new priority project selection process, the Agency published a notice in the <u>Federal Register</u>. The notice also announced the availability of an Addendum to the original guidelines document entitled "Guidelines for Applying for Grants from the Indian Set-Aside Program." I am attaching for your use a copy of the notice, and the Addendum which explains the new process.

For FY 1995, \$6,176,000 was appropriated through Title VI for the Indian Set-Aside Program. My staff provided the Regional ISA Coordinators a list of the SDS projects eligible for funding from this year's appropriation for review and approval. As soon as we hear back from all the Regions, we will proceed to transfer the funds to you for grant award. Our goal is to transfer the funds in early April.

If you have any questions on the new process, please give me a call, or have your staff call Sylvia Bell at (202) 260-7255.

Attachments

cc: Regional Construction Grants Indian Coordinators Rich Barror, Indian Health Service Mike Quigley, Municipal Support Division

ADDENDUM TO

Guidelines and Requirements

<u>for</u>

Applying for Grants

from the

Indian Set-Aside Program

March 1995

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Wastewater Management Office of Water

INDIAN SET-ASIDE PROGRAM GUIDELINES FOR 1995 AND THEREAFTER

This document serves as a formal addendum to the <u>Guidelines and</u>

Requirements for Applying for Grants from the Indian Set-Aside Program issued by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in April 1989 under Section 518(c) of the Clean Water Act (CWA).

The addendum provides an update on the funding of the Indian Set-Aside (ISA) Program since its inception in 1987 and identifies changes in the guidance document on how to participate in the program. The primary change is EPA's use of the Indian Health Service (IHS) Sanitary Deficiency System (SDS) for determining priorities and selecting projects for wastewater construction funding. Specific procedural changes are outlined in "Section B" of this addendum and supersedes previous instructions. EPA and IHS continue to work in partnership to ensure effective implementation of the set-aside program.

A. BACKGROUND OF INDIAN SET-ASIDE PROGRAM AND NEW PRIORITY PROJECT SELECTION PROCESS

[This section updates the PREFACE of the former "Guidelines" document, pages iii-v.]

THE INDIAN SET-ASIDE PROGRAM

a. HISTORY

The 1987 Amendments to the CWA created a grant program under Section 518(c) to help pay for planning, design, and building of wastewater treatment systems to serve Indian Tribes. In 1988, the CWA was further amended to make Alaska Native Villages (ANVs) and Tribes in Oklahoma on former reservations eligible to receive grants. The EPA's 1990 Needs Survey Report to Congress identified approximately \$700 million in wastewater treatment needs for Indian Tribes and ANVs.

The ISA Program has been administered under guidelines developed in consultation with the Tribes and a workgroup comprised of the EPA, Tribal members, the IHS, and the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA). The guidelines describe the program, the material necessary to request priority for funding, and the process and criteria used to score the requests. The guidelines were issued and distributed to all eligible Tribes and ANVs on May 18, 1989.

The CWA authorized program funding (which is available until expended) via a one-half of one percent set-aside from the Construction Grants Program appropriations for Fiscal Years 1987 - 1990 (approximately \$27 million). During two funding cycles in 1989 and 1990, EPA received approximately 194 requests, totalling \$120 million, for funding wastewater treatment systems to serve Indian Tribes and ANVs. Thirty nine projects, including five pilot projects, were funded.

On December 12, 1991, P.L. 102-229 (the 1992 Dire Needs Supplemental Appropriation Act), gave the Administrator the authority to make up to one-half of one percent of CWA Title VI (State Revolving Fund (SRF)) funds (\$9.7 million) available for construction of treatment facilities for Indian Tribes and Alaska Native Villages. The 1990 National Indian Set-Aside Priority List was used to identify 14 projects to be funded from the FY 1992 appropriation. A majority of the projects funded were in Alaskan Native Villages.

In FY 1993, P.L. 102-389 authorized the EPA Administrator to set-aside up to one-half of one percent of the Title VI funds. The total set-aside amount was \$9,637,500. Twelve projects were identified as eligible for funding from this appropriation.

Eight projects were identified for funding and authorized by the EPA Administrator in FY 1994 for a total allotment of \$5.98 million.

For FY 1995, the EPA Administrator has allotted \$6,176,000 from the SRF for the set-aside program. Approximately 16 projects will be eligible to receive funding.

Identification as a project in the funding range does not guarantee that the Tribe will receive a grant. Certain program requirements and grant conditions will apply. If Tribes or Villages are unable to negotiate a project grant or proceed in accordance with their grant conditions in a timely manner, EPA may release the funds for award to other eligible projects. Other sources of funding, such as the IHS and the Farmers Home Administration may be available. In addition, Indian Tribes and Alaska Native Villages (ANVs) are eligible to receive SRF loans under Title VI of the CWA. A Tribe does not have to qualify for "treatment as a State" to participate in the Indian Set-Aside Program.

Overall, 89 projects account for the \$58 million appropriated since 1988. A summary of the ISA program funding by fiscal year follows:

INDIAN SET-ASIDE APPROPRIATIONS

FY87	\$ 5,805,000
FY88	11,520,000
FY89	4,705,000
FY90	4,867,600
FY92	9,743,000
FY93	9,637,500
FY94	5,980,000
FY95	6,176,000
TOTAL	\$58,434,100

b. <u>REASONS FOR CHANGES IN THE ISA PRIORITY PROJECT</u> SELECTION PROCESS

The EPA ISA 1990 Project Priority List was used through four cycles of funding over a five years. The 1990 List was outdated and projects needed to be updated. Also, other projects surfaced over those five years which were of a higher priority, but had no way of being placed on the existing list and consider for funding.

In April of 1994, EPA circulated a proposal outlining its plans to replace the existing priority project list with the SDS of the IHS. The proposal was distributed for comment to all EPA Regions, IHS Areas and all federally recognized Native American Tribes and Alaska Native Villages. During the three month comment period, no objections were raised and the SDS was adopted by EPA for use in 1995 and thereafter for determining priorities and selecting projects for funding under the ISA Program.

Using the SDS has the following advantages:

o Elimination of Duplication Between EPA and IHS.

The IHS is mandated by Congress to consult with the Tribes and report their drinking water, wastewater and solid waste needs on an annual basis. Through the annual update, Tribes have a better opportunity to reach priority status.

o Ranking with Similar Area Projects

Data for the SDS are compiled separately in each of the 12 IHS Areas and result in 12 Area priority lists. This ensures that a Tribal need is evaluated regionally with Tribes having similar regional conditions such as climate, costs, health conditions, etc., and not nationally with all priority projects that may have very different conditions and costs. The SDS also provides the opportunity for each Tribe to identify its top three priority projects for each year.

o Compatible Selection Criteria

Criteria used for the SDS scoring system are compatible with EPA's scoring criteria and compliance regulations. An abbreviated version of the SDS criteria is discussed on page 8.

Costs Keep Up With Changing Conditions

Project costs are updated by IHS annually to adjust for changing sanitary conditions, inflation, new contributions to funding or engineering, and changing tribal priorities.

Synergy of Cost Effectiveness

By using the same priority system, EPA and IHS can enhance the capability to fund compatible projects. Separate proposals will not be necessary, and full service projects can be funded from different funding sources, e.g., upgrade or construct a water system with sewer system at the same time.

o Greater Capacity for Tribal Input

The IHS has field offices throughout the country and staff who deal with Indian Tribes personally on a regular basis. EPA supports the ability of Tribes to have direct input into project development.

B. <u>SUMMARY OF CHANGES BY CHAPTER IN THE 1989 "GUIDELINES"</u> DOCUMENT

Chapter Corrections Referred to:

STATUS OF CHAPTER

o Chapter 1 - SHOULD I APPLY FOR A GRANT (pages 1-1 to 1-6)

♦ Who is Eligible for Indian Set-Aside Grants?

NO CHANGES (pg. 1-1)

♦ What Costs are Included?

NO CHANGES (pgs. 1-1 to 1-2)

♦ How Does the Grant Process Work?

(pgs. 1-2 to 1-4) 1st paragraph: (pg. 1-2) Appropriations from the annual State Revolving Fund Program Allocation will be used, not Construction Grants; the IHS SDS Priority Project Selection Process will be used, not EPA National Priority List; 2nd paragraph (pg. 1-2): Change to "After EPA has notified you that your project is sufficiently high on the IHS SDS List..."

Where do We go for Help? (pgs. 1-4 to 1-6) Remains the same except: If you have questions about requesting priority ranking for your project, contact your local Area Indian Health Service Office. Any referral to the Construction Grants program is superseded by the SRF Program. (Further sources of help may be found in Appendices B, C and F in this Addendum).

- o Chapter 2 REQUESTING PRIORITY AND APPLYING FOR A GRANT
 - ♦ How Should We Begin?

(pg. 2-1) Each Tribe must contact its IHS Area Office for guidance on how to apply for priority ranking within the

SDS.

	♦ How Do I Obtain Priority For My Project?	(pgs. 2-1 to 2-4) See Sections Below on "NEW PRIORITY PROJECT SELECTION PROCESS," "SDS ELIGIBLE PROJECT CATEGORIES," and "HOW SDS WILL WORK FOR EPA").
	♦ What Do We Do Next?	(pgs. 2-4 to 2-6) First sentence (pg. 2-4) changes to: "Once EPA has notified you that your project has received priority for funding through the EPA ISA Program you may prepare a formal EPA Grant Application." The rest of the section remains the same.
	How Will Our Project Be Reviewed?	NO CHANGES (pgs. 2-6 to 2-10)
0	Chapter 3 - Technical Guidance	NO CHANGES (pgs. 3-1 to 3-5)
0	Chapter 4 - Project Management Guidance	NO CHANGES (pgs. 4-1 to 4-3)
0	Chapter 5 - Operation and Maintenance	NO CHANGES (pgs. 5-1 to 5-3)
O	Appendix A	NO CHANGES
0	Appendices B, & C	Updated Lists of Contacts
0	Appendix D	Eliminated
0	Appendix E	NO CHANGES
0	Appendix F	List of IHS Contacts Added

NEW PRIORITY PROJECT SELECTION PROCESS

EPA will determine priorities and select Tribal wastewater projects for funding under the Indian Set-Aside Program using the SDS of the IHS. Each year IHS reviews the status of all its projects and accepts input on any new Tribal needs or projects. Eligible projects are added to the SDS list and ranked with other projects in the same IHS Area. This allows an improved process for selecting high priority projects.

For FY 1995 and thereafter, Tribes must contact their local IHS Area Office (see Appendix F for list of IHS Contacts) at least one year in advance of the year the SDS list is due out. For example, Tribes should contact their IHS Area office in the beginning of 1995 for information about including projects or needs on the 1996 IHS SDS list. Projects eligible for the EPA ISA grants will be chosen from the eligible projects on the current IHS SDS list.

Once projects from the SDS list have been identified, Tribes eligible for EPA ISA funding will be contacted by EPA to verify that all ISA requirements can be met, and that the project is viable for the amount estimated. If the project is verified as fundable, the formal EPA grant application process will begin. At this point, EPA guidelines and requirements of who is eligible, what costs are eligible, and Chapters 3, 4, and 5 as written in the 1989 <u>Guidelines and Requirements For Applying For Grants From The Indian Set-Aside Program</u> document will apply.

THE IHS SANITARY DEFICIENCY SYSTEM

The following section provides background on SDS and outlines category levels through which IHS ranks its sanitary projects for construction funding.

- o PL 100-713 requires that IHS annually determine sanitary deficiencies on Indian lands including drinking water, wastewater and solid waste and report these needs to Congress.
- The law specifies that IHS prepare an annual report that includes: the current Indian sanitation facility priority system, methodology for determining sanitation deficiencies, level of deficiency for each sanitation facilities project for each Indian Tribe or community, the amount of funds necessary to raise all Tribes to Level I sanitation deficiency, and the amount of funds necessary to raise all Tribes to zero sanitation deficiency.
- It specifies that the IHS shall consult with Tribes and Tribal organizations.

- Twelve Area lists are created and funds are distributed proportionate to the Area need.
- o There are five deficiency levels:

LEVEL V - Indian Tribe or community lacks a safe water supply and sewage disposal system.

LEVEL IV - Indian Tribe or community with a sanitation system which lacks either a safe water supply or a sewage disposal system.

LEVEL III - Indian Tribe or community has a sanitation system that 1) has an inadequate or partial water supply and a sewage disposal facility that does not comply with applicable water supply and pollution control laws; or 2) has no solid waste disposal facility.

LEVEL II

Indian Tribe or community with a sanitation facility system that 1) complies with applicable water supply and pollution control laws, and 2) in which the deficiencies relate to capital improvements that are necessary to improve the facilities in order to meet the needs of such Tribe or community for domestic sanitation facilities.

LEVEL I - Indian Tribe or community with a sanitation system which 1) complies with all applicable water supply and pollution control laws, and 2) in which the deficiencies relate to routine replacement, repair, or maintenance needs.

FURTHER - Any Indian Tribes or community that lacks the operation and maintenance capability to enable its sanitation system to meet pollution control laws may not be treated as having a Level I or II sanitation deficiency.

HOW THE SDS WILL BE USED BY EPA FOR ISA GRANT AWARDS

Each year Congress determines if funds will be appropriated for the ISA Program from the Title VI (SRF) allotment. Funding is not guaranteed

each year. However, if funding is appropriated by Congress, EPA determines the dollar amount of the set-aside from a percentage of the Title VI funds, which at this time is one-half of one percent of the total amount.

Once the exact amount of dollars allotted for a given year is determined, EPA will inform IHS of a dollar amount to work with for that year. IHS will review its 12 Area lists and provide Area lists of eligible wastewater projects to EPA for funding.

In general, EPA will divide the set-aside funding among the 12 IHS Areas based on the percentage of total wastewater needs represented by each Area. The IHS will add the EPA dollar amount to each of its Area lists to determine the eligible project funding line. If there is not enough money to fund a complete project in each area based on the proportion of total wastewater needs, the money will be reallocated to fund projects in other Areas for that year.

The procedure from this point will be the same as it has been since 1988. EPA will notify the Administrator, Congressional delegations, Regions and Tribes, and publish the total amount appropriated in the Federal Register.

EPA will then proceed to allocate funds to its Regional Offices; the Regions will contact the Tribes and award and administer the projects. If the Region or Tribe seeks IHS involvement in individual projects, they will provide assistance. Tribes will be notified to submit a formal application for an Indian Set-Aside Wastewater Construction Grant.

APPENDIX B LIST OF EPA CONTACTS

REPLACES "APPENDIX B"

REGIONAL CONSTRUCTION GRANTS PROGRAM MANAGERS

REGION 1

KEVIN MCSWEENEY, Chief WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT BRANCH EPA Region 1, Room 2203 John F. Kennedy Building Boston, MA 02203 (617) 565-3560

REGION 2

PATRICK HARVEY, Chief NY/NJ MUNICIPAL PROGRAMS BRANCH EPA Region 2 Jacob K. Javitz Federal Building 26 Federal Plaza New York, NY 10278 (212) 264-9596

REGION 3

WILLIAM BULMAN, Chief MUNICIPAL WASTEWATER CONSTRUCTION BRANCH EPA Region 3 841 Chestnut Street Philadelphia, PA 19107 (312) 597-9966

REGION 4

WAYNE ARONSON, Chief MUNICIPAL FACILITIES BRANCH EPA Region 4 345 Courtland Street, N.E. Atlanta, GA 30365 (404) 347-2207

REGION 5

TODD CAYER, Chief WATER COMPLIANCE BRANCH EPA Region 5 77 West Jackson Blvd. Chicago, IL 60604 (415) 353-2121

REGION 6 OSCAR CABRA JR, CHIEF

MUNICIPAL FACILITIES BRANCH EPA Region 6 1st International Bank Tower at Fountain Place Dallas, TX 75202 (214) 665-7110

REGION 7

THOMAS M. CARTER, Chief WATER PROGRAMS ASSISTANCE BRANCH EPA Region 7 726 Minnesota Avenue Kansas City, KS 66101 (913) 551-7031

REGION 8

RICHARD LONG, Chief MUNICIPAL FACILITIES BRANCH EPA Region 8 999 18th Street Denver, CO 80202-2405 (303) 293-1545

REGION 9

CLANCY TENLEY, Acting Chief MUNICIPAL ASSISTANCE BRANCH EPA Region 9 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 744-1932

REGION 10

KATHY VEIT, Chief PROGRAM COORDINATION BRANCH EPA Region 10 1200 Sixth Avenue Seattle, WA 98101 (206) 553-1983

REPLACES "APPENDIX B"

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGIONAL INDIAN PROGRAM COORDINATORS

EPA REGION 1
ANNE FENN
INDIAN COORDINATOR
EPA REGION 1 (PAG 2300)
JFK FEDERAL BUILDING
BOSTON MA 02203
617-565-3927
FAX 617-565-3346

EPA REGION 4
ARTHUR LINTON
INDIAN COORDINATOR
EPA REGION 4 (9EAB-4)
345 COURTLAND STREET NE
ATLANTA GA 30365
404-347-3776
FAX 404-347-5206

EPA REGION 6 ERNEST WOODS INDIAN COORDINATOR EPA REGION 6 (6E-FF) 1445 ROSS AVENUE 12TH FLOOR, SUITE 1200 DALLAS, TX 75202-2733 214-665-7454 FAX 214-665-7446

EPA REGION 8
LEE ROBERTS
INDIAN COORDINATOR
EPA REGION 8 (80EA)
999 18TH STREET, SUITE 500
DENVER CO 80202-2405
303-294-1115
FAX 303-294-7665

EPA REGION 10 FRAN STEFAN, ACTING INDIAN COORDINATOR EPA REGION 10 1200 SIXTH AVENUE SEATTLE WA 98101 206-553-2118 FAX 206-553-1775 EPA REGION 2 CHRISTINE YOST INDIAN COORDINATOR EPA REGION 2 (2PM-E1) 26 FEDERAL PLAZA NEW YORK NY 10278 212-264-6722 FAX 212-264-6693

EPA REGION 5 CASEY AMBUTAS INDIAN COORDINATOR EPA REGION 5 (5ME-19J) 77 W. JACKSON BOULEVARD CHICAGO IL 60604-3507 312-353-1394 FAX 312-353-4135

EPA REGION 7 KIM OLSON INDIAN COORDINATOR EPA REGION 7 726 MINNESOTA AVENUE KANSAS CITY KS 66101 913-551-7539 FAX 913-551-7863

EPA REGION 9
ROCCENA LAWATCH
INDIAN COORDINATOR
EPA REGION 9 (E-4)
75 HAWTHORNE STRRET
SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105
415-744-1602
FAX 415-744-1604

HEADQUARTERS OFFICE:
TERRY WILLIAMS, DIRECTOR
AMERICAN INDIAN ENVIRONMENTAL
OFFICE, USEPA (4104)
401 M. ST., S.W.
WASHINGTON, DC 20460
(202) 260-7939
FAX 202-260-7509

APPENDIX C

RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM CONTACTS

REPLACES "APPENDIX C" RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS (RCAP) LIST OF CONTACTS

NATIONAL OFFICE

Kathleen M. Stanley
Executive Director
602 South King Street, Suite 402
Leesburg, VA 22075
Phone: 703/771-8636

FIELD OFFICES

NORTHEASTERN REGION

Rural Housing Improvement (RHI) 218 Central Street Winchendon, MA 01475 Contact: John McCarthy (508) 297-5300

SOUTHEASTERN REGION

Virginia Water Project (VWP)
P.O. Box 2868
Roanoke, VA 24011
Contact: Mary Terry (703) 345-1184

GREAT LAKES REGION

WSOS Community Action Commission 109 South Front Street Fremont, OH 43420 Contact: Julie Ward (419) 334-8911

MIDWESTERN REGION

Midwest Assistance Program (MAP) P.O. Box 81 314 East Main Street Suite 2 New Prague, MN 56071 Contact: Ken Bruzelius

SOUTHERN REGION

Community Resource Group (CRG) 2503 East Robinson Avenue Springdale, AR 72764 Contact: Mark Rounsavall

WESTERN REGION

Rural Community Assistance Corporation (RCA 2125 19th Street Suite 203 Sacramento, CA 95818 Contact: Beth Ytell (916) 447-2854

APPENDIX F

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE (IHS)
CONTACTS

APPENDIX F INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE (IHS) **CONTACT LIST BY EPA REGION**

Louisana

EPA REGION I, II, IV

Timothy McLaughlin Nashville Area Office, IHS 711 Stewarts Ferry Pike

Phone: (615) 736-2503

Mississippi, Florida, Alabama Connecticut Nashville, Tennessee 37214-2643

EPA REGION V

Mike Yavarow Bemidji Area Office, IHS 305 Federal Building Bemidji, Minnesota 56601-3060

Phone: (218) 759-3372

Minnesota, Michigan, Wisconsin

New York, Maine, North Carolina,

EPA REGION VI

Timothy McLaughlin Nashville Area Office, IHS 711 Stewarts Ferry Pike Nashville, Tennessee 37214-2634

Phone: (615)736-2503

Ward Conaway Oklahoma, Texas Oklahoma City Area, IHS 3625 N.W. 56TH St.

Five Corporate Plaza Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73112

505 Marquette, NW, Suite 1407

Phone: (405) 945-6882

Sam Bradshaw New Mexico, except Navajo Albuquerque Area Office, IHS

Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102 Phone: (505) 766-8095

EPA REGION VII

Curt Bossert Aberdeen Area Office, IHS 115 4th Street, SE Aberdeen, South Dakota 57401

Phone: (605) 226-7451

Nebraska, Iowa

Ward Conaway Oklahoma City Area Office, IHS 3625 N.W. 56th St. Five Corporate Plaza Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73112 Phone: (405) 945-6882

Kansas

EPA REGION VIII

Curt Bossert Aberdeen Area Office, IHS 115 4th Street, SE Aberdeen, South Dakota 57401 Phone: (605) 226-7451

North Dakota, South Dakota

Sam Bradshaw Albuquerque Area Office, IHS Western Bank Bldg., Suite 1407 505 Marquette, NW Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102 Phone: (505) 766-8095

Richard Oksness Billings Area Office, IHS P.O. Box 2143 Billings, Montana 59103 Phone: (406) 247-7096

Montana, Wyoming

Colorado

John Hamilton Phoenix Area Office, IHS 3738 North 16th Street, Suite A Phoenix, Arizona 85016-5981 Phone: (602) 640-2116

Utah

EPA REGION IX

Ernie Leporini California Area Office, IHS 1825 Bell Street, Suite 200 Sacramento, CA 95825-1097 Phone: (916) 566-7001

California

John Hamilton Phoenix Area Office, IHS 3738 North 16th Street, Suite Phoenix, Arizona 85016-5981 Phone: (602) 640-2116

Nevada, Arizona - All other tribes except Navajo and Tucson Areas

Martin McCarthy Tucson Area Office, IHS 7900 South J. Stock Road Tucson, Arizona 85746-9352 Phone: (602) 295-2580

Tucson Area, Papago, Pasqua-Yaqui

EPA REGION IX (Cont.)

C. Lewis Fox Navajo Area Office, IHS P.O. Box 9020 Window Rock, Arizona 86515 Phone: (602) 871-5852

Navajo

EPA REGION X

Richard Truitt
Portland Area Office, IHS
Federal Bldg., Room 467
1220 SW 3rd Avenue
Portland, Oregon 97204-2892
Phone: (503) 326-2001

Washington, Oregon, Idaho

Thomas Coolidge Anchorage Area Office, IHS 222 West 8th Ave., #65 Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7561 Phone: (907) 271-4708

Alaska